

# PRODUCT SPECIFICATION SHEET

# Model: LW-LiFe-5KW-24V



# catalogue

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## 1. Application scope

This specification sheet is suitable for the LiFePO4 battery pack products designed and developed by the LIGHTWAVE

#### 2. Basic characteristics

Number	project	Common parameters	Remarks
1	Model	5KW	Prismatic LFP Cell-100Ah
2	Rated Capacity	200AH	
3	Energy	5.12KW	
4	Rated Voltage	25.6V	
5	Maximum Charging Voltage	29.2V	
6	Discharge cut off Voltage	20V	
	Max. Charging Current	150A	
7	Max. Continuous Discharge Current	150A	
	Standard Charging & Discharge Current	≤40A	
	Max. Output Power	2500W	
8	Standard Output Power	2300W	
9	Battery weight	≈53KG	
10	Internal resistance	$\leq$ 16 m $\Omega$	Including internal resistance of testing fixtures



11	Support Inverter	RS 485		001-PYLON RS485 LV V3.5-2019.08.07002-GrowattRS485 V2.02- 2019.07.24003-Voltronic RS485 Inverter V1.5-2022.01.18036-WOW RS485 Modbus V1.3-2017.06.27012-Luxpowertek RS485 Inverter V0.3- 2020.07.06004-LEOCH RS485 Modbus V1.0 2020.01.04(MSL- 485)(default )015-Schneider V2.0026-Phocos RS485 2021.04.0(phocos)				
	Interaction Protocol	CAN	١	01-PYLON CAN Inverter EMS(DEYE02-Growatt CAN LV V1.05- 2019.08.28010-Victron CAN 2021.01.07015-Schneider CAN V2.0012- Luxpowertek CAN V1.0-2020.02.11013-Sorotec CAN Inverter V1.0017- SMA CAN V2.0007-GoodWe CAN Inverter LV V1.7-2020.02.28035- STUDER CAN V1.02-2018.06.14005-SofarSolar CAN inverter V2.1.003- 2019.12.21030-MUST CAN PV1800F [PV-CAN](default014-GINLONG CAN LV V1.0-2019.12.28033-TBB CAN V1.05-2021.04.20(TBB)031- MEGAREVO CAN Inverter Ly 1.1028-Senergy CAN V1.1-2022.05.10029- Afore CAN Hybrid Inverter V1.01-2022.07.01				
12	Cycl	Cycle Life			SOC ≥80% initial capacity @ room temperature ≥6000 times 0.5C charging 0.5C discharging DOD 80%			
13	Nor	minal		≥25.6V				
14	Charging Method	Standard	CAN	40A	29.2V cut off	Charge at a constant current and voltage of 40A to 29.2V, then switch to constant voltage charging at 29.2V until the		
14	(CC/CV)		CAN	29.2V	5A cut off	charging at 29.29 that the charging current is less than or equal to 0.02C.		
				Charging	0°C~65°C			
15	Working Temper	ature		Discharge	-20°C~65°C			
			Storage		-20°C~65°C			

#### 3. Terminal Definition

## 3.1 Terminal functions and definitions



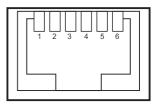


	N6: D 6 %	
	Wiring Definition	
P +	Battery Positive Pole	
P <b>–</b>	Battery Negative Ploe	
RS4851	When using the battery box in parallel, you can also view the PACK information, with a default baud rate	RJ45-8P * 2
RS4852	of 9600bps	10-10-01-2
CAN/RS485	Used to connect inverters	RJ45-8P
RS232	It can communicate with the upper computer through the RS232 interface, so that various information of the battery can be monitored through the upper computer, including battery voltage, current, temperature, status, and battery production information. The default baud rate is 9600bps	RS232-6P6C
SWITCH	Control battery pack output	
REST	Reset switch controls battery on/off and reset	
ADS	DIP switch, set RS485 address and terminal resistance	
CAPACITIY	Power display	
DO	Dry junction	
ALM	Warning indicator light	

#### 3.2 Communication Interface Definition

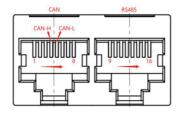
# 2. Basic 3.2.1 RS232-6P6C vertical RJ11 pins are defined as follows:

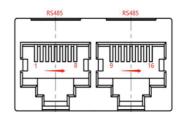
RS232-Using 6P6C vertical RJ11 socket					
RJ11 pin	Definition Description				
2	NC				
3	TX (Single Board)				
4	RX (Single Board)				
5	GND				



Communication interface RS232

# 3.2.2 The definition of RJ45 pins is as follows:







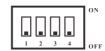
CAN. Using 8P8C vert	ical RJ45 socket	RS485. Using 8P8C vertical RJ45 socket			
RJ45 pin	Definition Description	RJ45 pin	Definition Description		
1、3、6、7、8	NC	9、16	RS485-B1		
4	CAN-H	10、15	RS485-A1		
5	CAN-H	11、14	GND		
2	GND	12、13	NC		

#### CAN and RS485 interfaces

RS485. Using 8P8C ve	rtical RJ45 socket	CAN Using 8P8C vertical RJ45 socket			
RJ45 pin	Definition Description	RJ45 pin	Definition Description		
1.8	RS485-B	9、16	RS485-B		
2.7	RS485-A	10、15	RS485-A		
3. 6	GND	11、14	GND		
4.5	NC	12、13	NC		

# Parallel communication port

# DIP switch address setting:



address	DIP switch position						
	# 1	# 2	# 3	# 4			
1	0FF	0FF	0FF	0FF			
2	ON	0FF	0FF	0FF			
3	0FF	ON	0FF	0FF			
4	ON	ON	0FF	0FF			
5	0FF	0FF	ON	0FF			
6	ON	0FF	ON	0FF			
7	0FF	ON	ON	0FF			
8	ON	ON	ON	0FF			
9	0FF	0FF	0FF	ON			
10	ON	0FF	0FF	ON			
11	0FF	ON	0FF	ON			
12	ON	ON	0FF	ON			
13	0FF	0FF	ON	ON			
14	ON	0FF	ON	ON			
15	0FF	ON	ON	ON			
16	ON	ON	ON	ON			



After the communication parallel line is connected, automatic encoding will be performed when the code is dialed to 0 and the machine is turned on (there is no matter the order of master-slave machine startup, the host will continue to automatically encode after startup). If the encoding fails, all indicator lights of the corresponding single machine will flash together.

When PACKs are used in parallel, different PACKs can be distinguished by setting the address through the dip switch on the BMS. It is necessary to avoid setting the address to the same. The definition of the BMS dip switch refers to the table below. In parallel mode, the default dip address 1 is the host.

#### 4. Explanation of indicator lights:

#### 4.1 Work status indication:

	Normal/Alarm	ON/OFF	RUN	ALM		Battery indicator LED							
state	/Protection	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	explain	
Shutdown	Dormancy	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	Total Off	
Shutdown	Normal	Lighting	Flash 1	Off			According to the power indicator						
Shuldown	Alarm	Lighting	Flash 1	Flash 3			Module Low Voltage						
	Normal	Lighting	Lighting	Off	Off According to the power indicator The highest flashes (flas				According to the neuver indicator				
	Alarm	Lighting	Lighting	Flash 3	(The highest battery indicator LED flashes 2)							when there is an overcharge alarm	
Charging	Overcharge protection	Lighting	Lighting	Off	Lighting	Lighting	Lighting	Lighting	Lighting	Lighting	Lighting	If there is no UtilityPower, the indicator light wil switch to standby mode	
	Temperature, overcurrent, and failure protection	Lighting	Off	Lighting	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	Stop charging	
	Normal	Lighting	Flash 3	Off									
Discharge	Alarm	Lighting	Flash 3	Flash 3			According	to the powe	er indicator				
Discharge	Undervoltage protection	Lighting	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	Stop discharging	
	Temperature, overcurrent, short circuit, reverse connection, failure protection	Lighting	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	Stop discharging	
Invalid		Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	Stop charging and discharging	



## 4.2 Work status indication:

	State			Char	ging		Discharge						
Capaci	ty indicator light	L6 •	L5 •	L4 •	L3 •	L2 •	L1 •	L6 •	L5 •	L4 •	L3 •	L2•	L1 •
	0-16.6%	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	Flash 2	Off	Off	Off	Off	Off	Lighting
	16.6-33.2%	Off	Off	Off	Off	Flash 2	Lighting	Off	Off	Off	Off	Lighting	Lighting
Electricity	33.2-49.8%	Off	Off	Off	Flash 2	Lighting	Lighting	Off	Off	Off	Lighting	Lighting	Lighting
consumption (%)	49.8-66.4%	Off	Off	Flash 2	Lighting	Lighting	Lighting	Off	Off	Lighting	Lighting	Lighting	Lighting
	66.4-83.0%	Off	Flash 2	Lighting	Lighting	Lighting	Lighting	Off	Lighting	Lighting	Lighting	Lighting	Lighting
	83.0-100%	Flash 2	Lighting	Lighting	Lighting	Lighting	Lighting	Lighting	Lighting	Lighting	Lighting	Lighting	Lighting
Runnin	Lighting						Flashing (flashing 3)						

#### 4.3 Work status indication:

Flashing mode	On	Off
Flash 1	0.25S	3.75S
Flash 2	0.58	0.5S
Flash 3	0.58	1.58



#### 4.4 Switch button instructions:

When the BMS is in sleep mode, press the button (3-6 seconds) and release it to activate the protection board. The LED indicator lights will light up for 0.5 seconds starting from "RUN".

When the BMS is in an active state, press the button (3-6 seconds) and release it. The protection board will be put into sleep, and the LED indicator lights will light up for 0.5 seconds starting from the lowest battery level. When the BMS is in an active state, press the button (6-10 seconds) and release it, the protection board is reset, and all LED lights light up simultaneously for 1.5 seconds.

#### 4.5 Sleep and wake-up:

#### 4.5.1 Sleep

When any of the following conditions are met, the system enters low-power mode:

- 1) Individual or overall over discharge protection has not been released for 30 seconds.
- 2) Press the button (3-6S) and release it.
- 3) The minimum individual voltage is lower than the sleep voltage and the duration reaches the sleep delay time (while meeting the requirements of no communication, no protection, no balance, and no current).
- 4) The standby time exceeds 24 hours (no communication, no charging or discharging, no Utility power).
- 5) Force shutdown through upper computer software.

Before entering sleep mode, it is necessary to ensure that the input terminal is not connected to external voltage, otherwise it will not be able to enter low-power mode.

#### 4.5.2 Wake up

When the system is in low-power mode and meets any of the following conditions, the system will exit low-power mode and enter normal operating mode:

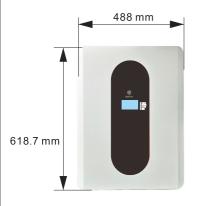
- 1) Connect the charger, and the output voltage of the charger should be greater than 48V.
- 2) Press the button (3-6S) and release it.
- 3) Activate RS232.

Note: After individual or overall over discharge protection, enter low-power mode, wake up regularly every 4 hours, and turn on the charging and discharging MOS. If charging is possible, it will exit sleep mode and enter normal charging mode; If automatic wake-up fails to charge for 10 consecutive times, it will no longer automatically wake up. When the system is defined as after the end of charging, if the recovery voltage is not reached after 2 days of standby (set value of standby time), the charging will be forcibly restored until the end of recharging.



# 5. Outline drawing Physical image

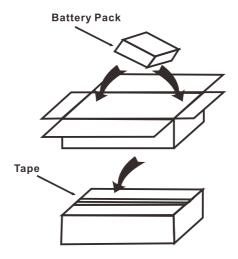
## Unit mm tolerance ± 2mm







# 6.Packaging diagram





#### 7. Instructions for use

- 7.1. Before using the battery, please carefully read the user manual and the surface markings on the battery.
- 7.2. During use, keep away from heat sources and high voltage, avoid children playing with the battery, and do not fall on the battery.
- 7.3. Do not short circuit the positive and negative terminals of the battery, do not disassemble the battery yourself, and do not place the battery in a damp place to avoid danger.
  - 7.4. Please dispose of discarded batteries safely and properly, and do not throw them into fire or water.
- 7.5. The battery pack should be stored at room temperature and charged to 40% -60% of its capacity. To prevent over discharge of the battery, it is recommended to charge it every 3 months.
- 7.6. The battery pack should be used under specified conditions, and performance is not guaranteed for batteries stored for more than one year.
  - 7.7. Batteries must meet corresponding regulations during transportation, such as packaging, documentation, labeling, etc.

#### 8. Installation and debugging

#### 8.1 List of Goods

Number	Name	Quantity
1	Battery pack	1 PCS
2	Wa <b>l</b> mounted hanging board	1 PCS
3	Wa <b>l</b> hanging hooks	2 PCS
4	Screw	8PCS
5	expansion bolt	6PCS
6	communication line	3PCS
7	Power harness	2 PCS



#### 8.2 Choose a suitable installation location

- Do not place the battery on flammable building materials
- Recommend hanging the battery on a vertical wall
- The temperature should be between 10 °C and 30 °C to maintain optimal operating conditions.
- There should be some free space around the battery for heat dissipation, suitable for installation on concrete surfaces or other non flammable surfaces.

#### 9 Disclaimer

Before using the product, please read the product specifications, user manual, and usage precautions carefully to understand the usage method and application scope of the product; If there are errors in the use of the product, incorrect circuit connections, or discrepancies between the input power supply, load functional parameters, and performance parameters marked in the product specifications, it is considered improper use. Our company does not assume any responsibility for damage to the product, load, and surrounding connectors caused by improper use.

Any matters not mentioned in this specification shall be determined through consultation between both parties.

The final interpretation right of this specification belongs to the LIGHTWAVE.

